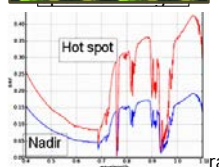
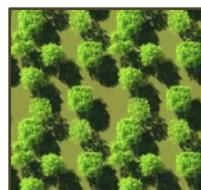
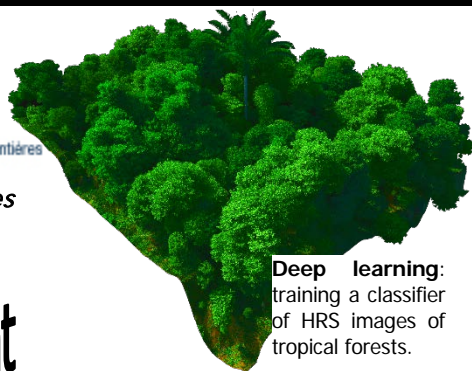


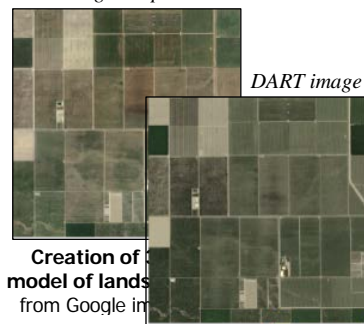


Délégation Midi Pyrénées

Announcement



Google map

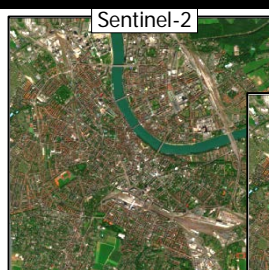


Creation of model of lands from Google im

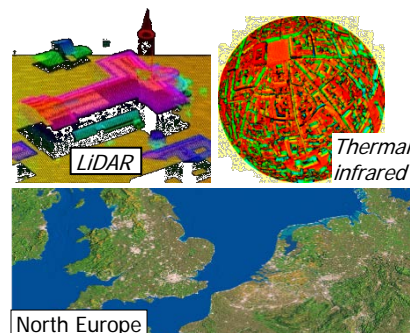
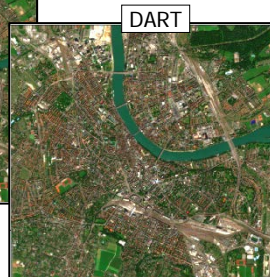
DART Tutorial 2023

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<p>The DART model</p> <p>Developed since 1992 at CESBIO (www.cesbio.cnrs.fr/dart) - Toulouse III University, CNES, CNRS, IRD, INRAE -</p>	<p>DART (https://dart.omp.eu) is an ever-evolving radiative transfer model. It simulates the 3D radiative budget (RB), including sun induced chlorophyll fluorescence (SIF), and remote sensing (RS) satellite, airborne and in-situ signals (spectroradiometer image, LiDAR FWF, SPL, point cloud) of natural and urban landscapes, from visible to thermal infrared. It is a reference tool for a wide range of RS studies (sensitivity studies, inversion of RS images, design of new RS sensor, etc.). Licenses are free for research and education.</p>
<p>Objective of the tutorial</p>	<p>To discover/deepen DART theory, functionalities and use in 5 steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Short review of physical bases, 2) DART theory, functionalities and novelties (DART-Lux bi-directional MC, texture, etc.) 3) Study of schematic cases through prepared exercises, 4) Presentation of Pytools4DART, and 5) Case studies of interest to each participant.
<p>Program of the training</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. SHORT REVIEW OF PHYSICAL BASES (optical remote sensing, radiative budget) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Radiance, reflectance, emissivity, brightness temperature, radiative budget, etc. 2. DART THEORY AND FUNCTIONALITIES <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Theory: standard DART-FT and latest DART-Lux (bi-directional Monte Carlo) b) Major functionalities (interactive presentation) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Mode of operation</u>: spectroradiometer (modes R, T, R+T), LiDAR, RB. • <u>Landscape modeling</u>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Geometry: scene dimensions, spatial resolution, topography, coordinates, etc. - Components: * directly simulated trees, houses, crops, topography, etc. * imported 3D element and landscape (urban database, tree, etc.) * 4 basic elements (facets, turbid (vegetation), fluid (air, water), atmosphere). - Optical properties: surface (anisotropic facets) & volume (turbid, fluid and air) - Atmosphere: gas and aerosol vertical profiles. • <u>DART remote sensing (RS) and radiative budget (RB) products</u> • <u>LUT (SQL database) creation/management</u> with the DART sequencer • <u>Post processing tools</u>: correction of topographic effects, satellite broad bands • <u>Use of command lines</u>: DART, its modules and its sequences



Sentinel 2 inversion
Basel city (5kmx6km)



Announcement

Program of the training

3. PRACTICE OF DART WITH EXERCISES, FROM SIMPLE TO COMPLEX

3.a Flat surfaces - VIS / NIR / TIR spectral domains

Basic DART functionalities are introduced with simple 2D landscapes: scene creation, simulation of images (irradiance, albedo, exitance, directional radiance / reflectance / brightness temperature), radiative budget, sequence of simulations (landscape reflectance spectra, satellite broad bands, time series, etc.).

Example of basic case study: for which experimental / instrumental configuration, can we detect a fire in a thermal infrared (TIR) pixel? Can we distinguish ice and ground TIR pixels with the same thermodynamic temperature?

3.b Simulation of realistic 3D landscapes

The presentation focuses on functionalities / landscapes of interest to attendees:

- Atmosphere simulation: gas and aerosol models, atmosphere geometry, etc.
- Creation of complex forest, agricultural or urban scene with topography, etc.
- Importation of 3D elements and /or landscapes
- Simulation of fluorescence, LiDAR, etc.

4. PRESENTATION OF PYTOOLS4DART (<https://gitlab.com/pytools4dart/pytools4dart>)

API python created by TETIS (www.umn-tetis.fr) for DART massive simulations.

5. IMPLEMENTATION BY EACH PARTICIPANT OF HIS/HER OWN CASE STUDY

- Radiative budget: forest, urban landscape, etc.
- Scene creation (forest, crop, etc.) with imported 3D objects (tree, maize, etc.)
- Sensitivity studies (e.g., variation of forest reflectance / brightness temperature with LAI, view direction, topography, thermodynamic temperature).
- Inversion of satellite image of city as map of optical property per urban element
- LiDAR: waveform, solar noise, 3D points derived from waveforms, etc.

Audience	No specific requirements. PCs are provided, but to bring a "good" laptop is advised
Advice (before the training)	Get a free DART license & User Manual (https://dart.omp.eu). Transmit your case study
Number of participants	14
Date	June 12 / 13 / 14, 2023 (9 am - 6 pm)
Registration deadline	April 28, 2023
Place of DART tutorial	Toulouse III University, 1 Rue Tarfaya, 31400 Toulouse (https://www.mfja.fr), room 313